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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/526,551	05/11/2006	Lutz Eckstein	095309.55979US	9231
23911 CROWELL & I	7590 11/19/200 MORING LLP	EXAMINER		
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY GROUP			PECHE, JORGE O	
P.O. BOX 1430 WASHINGTO	N, DC 20044-4300		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3664	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/19/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/526,551	ECKSTEIN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Jorge O. Peche	3664				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tinwill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 M	lav 2006					
·— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	action is non-final.					
<i>i</i>						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>13-27</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>13-27</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>03 March 2005</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of: 1.□ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	·					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>03/03/2005 and 11/06/2006</u> .						

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims **13**, **15-19**, and **22-27** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102 (b) as being unpatentable over **Passmann et al.** (Wireless Vehicle to Vehicle Warning System, Society of Automobile Engineers, document No.: 2000-01-1307, March 2000).

Regarding claims 13, 15, 19, 20 and 22-24, Passamann et al. disclose a wireless vehicle warning system (a radio-based device) for generating an alert message (hazard warning information) to a vehicle (2) user (a driver of a receiving vehicle having a data receiver). A vehicle (1), involved in a traffic jam or accident, generates an alert message (hazard data / a data transmitter of at least one other vehicle / a data transmitter which, when activated outputs data to issue warnings of hazard to other vehicle), and vehicle (2) has an antenna, a transceiver-unit, and a digital signal processing (data receiver) for receiving and evaluating the alert message from vehicle (1) (see page 149, system description; page 151, system principle and components; Figures 1-4). Wherein:

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received alert message includes information regarding vehicle's (1) / vehicles' heading, GPS-position, and speed / acceleration (position, speed and direction of travel of the at least one other vehicle / the transmitting vehicle)
 (see page 151, signal generation and signal evolution; Figures 1-5).

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- based on the received alert message from vehicle (1) / vehicles and vehicle (2) navigation information (*vehicle's heading, speed, and acceleration*), a DSP- unit and a filter, within the vehicle (2), check whether the road type used by the transmitting vehicle (1) is the same as the receiver vehicle (2) and whether the vehicle (1) is ahead of vehicle (2) (*a relevance measure is determined in the receiving vehicle, which relates to whether the at least one other vehicle is located on a section of road lying ahead of the receiving vehicle*) (see page 151, system principle and components, signal generation, signal evaluation, Figures 1-5).
- the DSP- unit / filter continuously determine whether the received alert message is relevant or not relevant (*correct warning to display and incorrect warning to be terminated*), to communicate the vehicle (2) user (*hazard warning information is output*), in accordance to the road type used by the transmitting vehicle (1) / vehicles and the receiving vehicle (2) (*a chronological profiles*) (see page 151, system principle and components, signal generation, signal evaluation, Figures 1-5).

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Regarding **claims 16-18**, Passamann et al. disclose the received alert message (wherein the relevance measure is determined from the received data) comprising a position of vehicle (1) (a position chain) involved in an accident, and wherein the future position of vehicle (2) is estimated in accordance to the route trajectory and information of Figure 1 (a future route) (see page 149, system description; Figure 1).

Regarding **claims 25-27**, the method of issuing hazard warning information to a driver of a receiving vehicle is anticipated by the rejected apparatus of **claims 13** and **17-18**.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 14 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Passmann et al.** (Wireless Vehicle to Vehicle Warning System, Society of Automobile Engineers, document No.: 2000-01-1307, March 2000) in view of **Schuessler (WO 01/61668 A1) (Translation Pub No.: US 2003/0090392 A1).**

Regarding claim 14, Passamann et al. is silent regarding the claim limitations.

However, Schuessler teaches a device for warning the driver of a motor vehicle of danger by radio comprising a hazard warning signal (*chronological profile /relevance*

measure) to be stored and displayed to the driver until the location of the source of the hazard has been passed (see page 2, par. 17 and 26).

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Given the teaching of Schuessler, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify Passamann's invention to incorporate within the vehicle warning system a process for storing and displaying a hazard warning signal to the driver until the location of the source of the hazard signal has been passed.

Doing so would enhance a wireless warning system capable to store relevant hazard warning signal and ignore those signals generated outside the warning zone of a motor vehicle (2).

Regarding claim 21, Passamann et al. is silent regarding the claim limitations.

However, Schuessler teaches a device for warning the driver of a motor vehicle of danger by radio comprising a hazard warning signal (*correct warning signal*) to be stored and displayed to the driver until the location of the source of the hazard signal has been passed (*previously signaled hazard warning information is no longer applicable*). Under this process, the previous hazard warning signal become a no-hazard warning signal (*incorrect warning*) after the location of the source of the hazard signal has been passed, wherein the vehicle's user is informed of this result by no longer displaying the hazard message (see page 2, par. 17 and 26).

Given the teaching of Schuessler, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify Passamann's invention to

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incorporate within the vehicle warning system a process for displaying a hazard warning signal to the driver until the location of the source of the hazard signal has been passed

Doing so would enhance a wireless warning system capable to store relevant hazard warning signal and ignore those signals generated outside the warning zone of a motor vehicle (2).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jorge O. Peche whose telephone number is (571)270-1339. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 5:30 pm Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Khoi H. Tran can be reached on 571-272-6919. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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/Jorge O Peche/ Examiner, Art Unit 3664 /KHOI TRAN/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3664